

Advanced Procurement for Universities & Colleges

APUC LIMITED COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

The Board of Directors

G Webber (Sector) - Chairman (to 4 December

2017)

(resigned 19 February 2018)

J McGeorge (Sector) - Director and Chairman (from

4 December 2017)
F Gavine (Non-Sector)
D S MacKellar (Non-Sector)

L F McCabe (Sector) (resigned 18 May 2018)
P McNaull (Sector) (commenced 18 May 2018)
S Paterson (Non-Sector) (resigned 20 September

2018)

P Smith (Sector) S Stewart (Sector) J Thomson (Sector) C Turnbull (Sector)

A J Warren (Chief Executive)

Non-Sector directors and the Chief Executive receive renumeration which is detailed in Note 5 on Page 15.

Company Secretary

M Caithness

Registered Office

Unit 27

Stirling Business Centre

Wellgreen STIRLING FK8 2DZ

Auditor

Chiene + Tait LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

61 Dublin Street EDINBURGH EH3 6NL

Bankers

Bank of Scotland 1 Ardmillan Terrace EDINBURGH EH11 2JH

Solicitors

Thorntons Solicitors 33 Yeaman Shore

DUNDEE DD1 4BJ

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 July 2018.

Principal activities

APUC Limited is the Procurement and Supply Centre of Expertise for all of Scotland's Universities and Colleges. It aims to maximise the value of Scotland's investment in further and higher education by working in partnership with institutions to support and enable sustainable innovation in procurement, effective compliance and shared service optimisation. It provides a core team for delivery of collaborative activity for all member institutions and focussed specific shared service resources for delivery of services within institutions.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year are shown on page 2.

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and the surplus or deficit of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (cont)

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company and the group's auditor are unaware; and
- each director has taken all steps that he/she ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.



Signed on behalf of the directors J McGeorge, Chairman Approved by the directors on 20 November 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APUC LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of APUC Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 July 2018 which comprise of the consolidated statement of income and retained earnings, the consolidated balance sheet, the company balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 July 2018, and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the group's or the parent company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APUC LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (cont)

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the directors' report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' renumeration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemptions in preparing the directors report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF APUC LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (cont)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Malch a Leverige

Malcolm Beveridge CA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of
Chiene + Tait LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditor
61 Dublin Street
Edinburgh
EH3 6NL

20 NOVEMBER

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Turnover	1	3,998,919	3,750,415
Administrative expenses	3	3,905,937	3,603,898
Operating surplus	4	92,982	146,517
Interest receivable		6,277	2,847
Surplus on ordinary activities before taxation		99,259	149,364
Tax on surplus on ordinary activities	6	151	7,480
Surplus for the year and total comprehensive income	•	99,108	141,884
Retained earnings at the start of the year		470,886	329,002
Retained earnings at the end of the year		569,994	470,886

All activities of the group are from continuing operations.

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2018

	Note	£	2018 £	£	2017 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	7		16,556		20,406
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank - Unrestricted - Pension guarantee	9	191,134 1,224,336 640,267 2,055,737		266,018 1,219,858 640,373 2,126,249	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	705,726		859,279	
Net current assets			1,350,011		1,266,970
Total assets less current liabilities			1,366,567		1,287,376
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	12		796,573		816,490
NET ASSETS			569,994		470,886
Reserves Income and				. 1968 2)4 W
expenditure account			569,994		470,886
			569,994		470,886

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 20 November 2018, and are signed on their behalf:

A Warren

Chief Executive

J McGeorge Chairman

Company No: SC314764

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JULY 2018

	Note	£	2018 £	£	2017 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments	7		16,556 1 16,557		20,406 1 20,407
Current assets Debtors Cash at bank	9	189,803		265,045	
UnrestrictedPension guarantee	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,224,184 640,267 2,054,254		1,219,795 640,373 2,125,213	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	878,931		1,030,304	
Net current assets			1,175,323		1,094,909
Total assets less current liabilities			1,191,880		1,115,316
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					* 1
than one year	12		796,573		816,490
NET ASSETS			395,307		298,826
Reserves Income and expenditure					
account			395,307		298,826
			395,307		298,826

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 20 November 2018, and are signed on their behalf:

A Warren Chief Executive J McGeorge Chairman

Company No: SC314764

The notes on pages 11 to 21 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018

1. Accounting policies

Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

APUC Limited is a company limited by guarantee. The address of the registered office is Unit 27, Stirling Business Centre, Wellgreen, STIRLING, FK8 2DZ. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The principal activities of the group are disclosed on page 3.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

The company has secured funding from the Universities and Colleges in Scotland of £2.328m for 2018-2019. They have prepared budgets and cashflow projections which indicate that they will be able to operate within the agreed funding level.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 July 2018 and of its subsidiary company, UCSS Limited.

The company meets the definition of a qualifying entity under FRS102 and has taken advantage of the exemptions under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare an individual income and expenditure account for the parent company. The surplus for the year dealt with in the financial statements of the company was £96,479 (2017: £140,065).

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value.

Cash flow statement

The company is the parent of a small group and has voluntarily prepared consolidated financial statements. The company is exempt under the requirements of the FRS102 from publishing a consolidated cash flow statement.

Turnover

The turnover shown in the income and expenditure accounts represents income and grants received and receivable during the year.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. Assets costing less than £5,000, unless the costs when grouped are greater than £5,000, are written off to the income and expenditure account in the year of purchase.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

7 years

Computer equipment

3 years

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

Accounting policies (cont)

Income and grants

Income and grants of a revenue nature are credited to the income and expenditure account in the year which they accrue. Grants for the purchase of fixed assets are treated as deferred income and credited to the income and expenditure account over the estimated useful life of the relevant assets.

Pensions

APUC Limited participates in the Universities Superannuation Scheme. With effect from 1 October 2016, the scheme changed from a defined benefit only pension scheme to a hybrid pension scheme, providing defined benefits (for all members), as well as defined contribution benefits. The assets of the scheme are held in a separate trustee-administered fund. Because of the mutual nature of the scheme, the assets are not attributed to individual institutions and a scheme-wide contribution rate is set. APUC Limited is therefore exposed to actuarial risks associated with other institutions' employees and is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. As required by Section 28 of FRS 102 "Employee benefits", APUC Limited therefore accounts for the scheme as if it were a wholly defined contribution scheme. As a result, the amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period. Since APUC Limited has entered into an agreement (the Recovery Plan) that determines how each employer within the scheme will fund the overall deficit. APUC Limited recognises a liability for the contributions payable that arise from the agreement (to the extent that they relate to the deficit) and therefore an expense is recognised. In addition, APUC Limited have set aside a cash amount of £640,267 to cover any potential section 75 debt due to the Universities Superannuation Scheme in the event of an employment cessation event occurring.

UCSS Limited offers its employees the benefits of Group Stakeholder Pension Schemes with Scottish Widows and Friends Life. Employers contributions to the scheme match the employees contribution up to a maximum of 5% of gross pay. In addition, employees have the option to forego 1% of their salary for an additional 1% employer contribution. The amount charged to the income and expenditure account represents the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period.

Operating lease charges

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the income and expenditure account in the period to which they relate.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

Accounting policies (cont)

Reserves

APUC Group's Reserves Policy is to maintain a suitable financial reserve that could be used for appropriate investment, operational contingency funding or for the orderly winding up of the company. The policy defines that the level of reserves should be equivalent to the gross level that is required to operate the core part of the business for between circa 3-6 months, which currently would equate to, under FRS102 (after consideration of reportable costs such as holidays/pension liabilities), as a reserve range of £456k to £1,080k.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

Accounting policies (cont)

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference

2. Critical accounting judgements

FRS102 makes the distinction between a group plan and a multi-employer scheme. A group plan consists of a collection of entities under common control, typically with a sponsoring employer. A multi-employer scheme is a scheme for entities not under common control and represents (typically) an industry-wide scheme such as Universities Superannuation Scheme. The accounting for a multi-employer scheme, where the employer has entered into an agreement with the scheme that determines how the employer will fund a deficit, results in the recognition of a liability for the contributions payable that arise from the agreement (to the extent that they relate to the deficit) and the resulting expenses in income or expenditure in accordance with section 28 of FRS102. The directors are satisfied that the scheme provided by Universities Superannuation Scheme meets the definition of a multi-employer scheme and has therefore recognised the discounted fair value of the contractual contributions under the funding plan in existence at the date of approving the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

3.	Administration expenses Staff Non-executive directors' honoraria Premises Consultants & contractors eSolutions Administration	2018 £ 3,285,372 10,508 137,295 17,292 35,991 443,479	2017 £ 2,964,711 9,596 140,799 32,684 43,440 412,668
	•	3,929,937	3,603,898
4.	Operating surplus	2018 £	2017 £
	Operating surplus is stated after charging: Depreciation of owned fixed assets Operating lease payments Auditor's fees	3,850 77,732 6,140	7,530 77,732 5,951
5.	Staff costs	2018	2017
		£	£
	Salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	2,820,170 300,738 164,464	2,550,417 269,889 144,405
		3,285,372	2,964,711
	The average monthly number of employees	75	66
	During the year, there were additional staff r Security Shared Service. There was also an i employed to provide a procurement shared service.	increase in the nur	nber of staff
	The directors' aggregate emoluments in respect of	of qualifying services	s were:
	Aggregate emoluments Executive director Non-Sector directors' honorarium Value of company pension contributions under defined benefit scheme	109,497 10,508 18,070	110,269 9,596 19,801
	domina portant contant	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	·
		138,075	139,666
	The number of directors at the year end who company pension schemes was:	no accrued benefit	s under the
	Defined benefit scheme	1	1

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

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raxation	2018 £	2017 £
Analysis of tax charge for the period Current tax UK Corporation tax at 19% (2017: 20%) Adjustment in respect of prior year	7,751 (7,241)	7,438 -
Deferred tax Origination and reversal of timing differences	(359)	42
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	151	7,480
Deferred tax debtor Asset at start of period Charge to profit and loss account in the period Asset at end of period	973 359 1,332	1,015 (42) 973
Short term timing differences	1,332	973

7. Tangible fixed assets – group and company

	Fixtures &	Computer	Total
	Fittings £	Equipment £	£
Cost	_	. –	_
As at 1 Aug 2017	36,310	21,165	57,475
Additions	= .	-	-
Disposals	·	-	-
As at 31 Jul 2018	36,310	21,165	57,475
Depreciation			
As at 1 Aug 2017	15,904	21,165	37,069
Charge for the year	3,850	· -	3,850
Disposals	-		-
As at 31 Jul 2018	19,754	21,165	40,919
Opening net book value	20,406	_	20,406
Closing net book value	16,556	ju-t	16,556
		2012	~~ 1 =
8. Investments – company		2018	2017
•		£	£
Investment in subsidiary		1_	. 1

The investment represents the cost of the parent undertaking's shareholding (1 ordinary £1 share) in its wholly owned subsidiary, UCSS Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The principal activity of UCSS Limited is the provision of procurement services.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

9.	Debtors				•	•
			Grou	2018 p Company £ £	Group	2017 Company £
	Other debtors	•	143,22	9 141,898	211,412	210,439
	Prepayments and income	accrued	47,90	5 47,905	54,606	54,606
			191,13	4 189,803	266,018	265,045
10.	Cash at bank		Group	2018 Company	Group	2017 Company
	-		£	£	Group £	Company £
	Unrestricted	1,2	224,336	1,224,184	1,219,858	1,219,795
	Pension guarantee	(340,267	640,267	640,373	640,373
		1,8	864,603	1,864,451	1,860,231	1,860,168

The funds held for the pension guarantee are held in a bank account in the name of APUC Limited but controlled by the University guaranters of the pension guarantee fund. APUC Limited has signed a guarantee in favour of the University of Aberdeen to cover a potential section 75 debt due to the Universities Superannuation Scheme from APUC Limited in the event of an employment cessation event occurring.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

11. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	·	2018		2017
	Group	Company	Group	Company
	£	£	£	É
Amounts owed to group				
undertakings	w	482,539	pre	362,808
Trade creditors	7,683	7,683	18,320	18,320
Corporation tax	7,751	6,838	7,438	6,962
PAYE & social security	83,787	18,807	73,897	18,701
Superannuation	12,657	12,657	12,723	12,723
Scottish Widows Pension	3,263		3,794	-
UCRSS Pension	12,862	-	8,171	-
Deferred income	371,603	194,200	390,435	306,790
VAT	14,518	14,518	30,961	30,961
Accruals and other	137,570	120,551	260,380	252,000
creditors				
Holiday pay	54,032	21,138	53,160	21,039
	705,726	878,931	859,279	1,030,304

Included within deferred income is a £75k provision for legal expenses in relation to a VAT Tribunal regarding APUC Limited's Cost Sharing Group status.

12.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year – group and company	2018 £	2017 £
•	Deferred income Provision for USS pension deficit	652,973 143,600	656,929 159,561
		796,573	816,490
13.	Operating lease commitments Land & buildings - annual commitments:		
	Less than one year Two to five years	19,002 18,016	44,931 96,008

APUC Limited has rental commitments for premises at Stirling Business Centre, STIRLING, 101 George Street, EDINBURGH and 227 Ingram Street GLASGOW.

14. Ultimate controlling party

The company has no ultimate controlling party.

15. Related party transactions

During the year recharged expenses and management charges paid to UCSS Limited amounted to £2,575,025 (2017: £2,245,843). At the year end an amount of £482,539 (2017: £362,808) due to UCSS Limited is included in creditors.

During the year the company invoiced, on a commercial basis, a number of universities and colleges of which the directors of the company are also senior executives.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

16. Company limited by guarantee

The company is limited by guarantee of members and does not have a share capital. The liability of members is limited to £1. On winding up of the company, any surplus assets that exist must be transferred to another body or bodies having objects similar to those of the company.

17. Contingent asset

APUC Limited had been historically restricting its VAT recovery on overhead costs to 1% due to the belief that there was an existing agreement with HMRC. Following investigations we found no formal agreement between APUC and HMRC in relation to a restriction of input VAT. With effect from 1 September 2015 APUC Limited has recovered input VAT using the standard method of apportionment. Following discussions with HMRC, APUC Limited has been allowed to apply the default standard method historically and submitted a claim for the under recovered input tax in January 2016. However, discussions continue between HMRC and APUC Limited regarding APUC Limited VAT and as a result, APUC Limited have not yet received payment of the claim from HMRC. This amount has, therefore, not been reflected in these financial statements.

18. Pensions

Defined Benefit Scheme

The total cost charged to the income and expenditure account is £103,733 (2017: £103,643).

The latest available full actuarial valuation of the scheme was at 31 March 2014 ("the valuation date"), which was carried out using the projected unit method. The valuation as at 31 March 2017 is underway but not yet completed.

Since APUC Limited cannot identify its share of Retirement Income Builder Section of the Scheme assets and liabilities, the following disclosures reflect those relevant for the section as a whole.

The 2014 valuation was the third valuation for USS under the scheme-specific funding regime introduced by the Pensions Act 2004, which requires schemes to adopt a statutory funding objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover their technical provisions. At the valuation date, the value of the assets of the scheme was £41.6 billion and the value of the scheme's technical provisions was £46.9 billion indicating a shortfall of £5.3 billion. These figures will be revised once the 2017 Scheme Valuation is complete.

Defined benefit liability numbers for the Scheme have been produced using the following assumptions as at 31 March 2017 and 2018:

	2018	2017
Discount rate	2.64%	2.57%
Pensionable salary growth	n/a	n/a
Pension increases (CPI)	2.02%	2.41%

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

The main demographic assumption used relates to the mortality assumptions. These assumptions have been updated for the 31 March 2018 accounting position, based on updated analysis of the Scheme's experience carried out as part of the 2017 actuarial valuation. The mortality assumptions used in these figures are as follows:

	2018	2017	
Mortality base table ¹	Pre-retirement:		
	71% of AMC00 (duration 0) for males and 112% of AF00 (duration 0) for females	98% of Self-Administered Pension Schemes S1NA "light" YOB unadjusted for males.	
	Post retirement		
	96.5% of Self-Administered Pension Schemes S1NMA "light" for males and 101.3% of RFV00 for females	99% of Self-Adn Pension Schem "light" YOB with adjustment for fe	es S1NA a -1 year
Future improvements to mortality	Continuous Mortality Investigations_2016 with a smoothing parameter of 8.5 and a long term improvement rate of 1.8% pa for males and 1.6% pa for females	Continuous Mortality Investigations_2014 with a long term rate of 1.5% pa	
The current life expectancies on retirement at age 65 are:			
Males currently aged 65 (years) Females currently aged 65 (years) Males currently aged 45 (years) Females currently aged 45 (years)		2018 24.5 26.0 26.5 27.8	2017 24.4 26.6 26.5 29.0
		2018	2017
Scheme assets		£63.6bn	£60.0bn
Total scheme liabilities FRS 102 total scheme deficit FRS 102 total funding level		£72.0bn £8.4bn 88%	£77.5bn £17.5bn 77%

¹ For further information on Continuous Mortality Investigation tables visit www.actuaries.org.uk/learn-and-develop/continuous-mortality-investigation

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2018 (Cont)

Defined Contribution Schemes

UCSS Limited offers its employees the benefits of Group Stakeholder Pension Schemes with Scottish Widows and with Friends Life. Employers contributions to the schemes match the employees contribution up to a maximum of 5% of gross pay. In addition, employees have the option to forego 1% of their salary for an additional 1% employer contribution. The number of employees active in the Scottish Widows scheme as at 31 July 2018 was 10 (2017: 12) and the value of contributions during the year was £20,018 (2017: £22,849). An amount of £3,263 (2017: £3,794) remains outstanding at the year end. The number of employees active in the Friends Life scheme as at 31 July 2018 was 53 (2017: 42) and the value of contributions during the year was £58,781 (2017: £43,956). An amount of £12,862 (2017: £8,171) remains outstanding at the year end.